



RCMB300-series

AC/DC sensitive residual current monitoring module for MRCD applications





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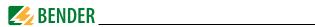
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1. General instructions

1.1 How to use this manual



This manual is intended for **qualified personnel** working in electrical engineering and electronics!

Always keep this manual within easy reach for future reference. We have used the following symbols to identify important instructions and information:



This signal word indicates that there is a **high risk of danger** that will result in **death** or **serious injury** if not avoided.



This signal word indicates a **medium risk** of danger that can lead to **death** or **serious injury**, if not avoided.



This signal word indicates a **low-level risk** that can result in **minor** or **moderate injury or damage to property** if not avoided.



This symbol denotes information intended to assist the user in making **optimum use** of the product.

1.2 Technical support: service and support

For commissioning and troubleshooting Bender offers:

First level support

Technical support by phone or e-mail for all Bender products

- Questions about specific customer applications
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E-mail: fieldservice@bender-service.de Internet:www.bender.de

*Available from 7.00 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. on 365 days of the year (CET/UTC +1)

**Mo-Thu 7.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m., Fr 7.00 a.m. - 1.00 p.m

1.3 Training courses

Bender is happy to provide training regarding the use of test equipment.

The dates of training courses and workshops can be found on the Internet at www.bender.de -> Know-how -> Seminars.



1.4 Delivery conditions

The conditions of sale and delivery set out by Bender apply.

For software products, the "Softwareklausel zur Überlassung von Standard- Software als Teil von Lieferungen, Ergänzung und Änderung der Allgemeinen Lieferbedingungen für Erzeugnisse und Leistungen der Elektroindustrie" (software clause in respect of the licensing of standard software as part of deliveries, modifications and changes to general delivery conditions for products and services in the electrical industry) set out by the ZVEI (Zentralverband Elektrotechnik- und Elektronikindustrie e.V., (German Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers' Association) also applies.

Conditions of sale and delivery can be obtained from Bender in printed or electronic format.

1.5 Inspection, transport and storage

Inspect the dispatch and equipment packaging for damage, and compare the contents of the package with the delivery documents. In the event of damage in transit, please contact Bender immediately.

The devices must only be stored in areas where it is protected from dust, humidity and spray or dripping water, and in which the specified storage temperatures can be assured.

1.6 Warranty and liability

Warranty and liability claims in the event of injury to persons or damage to property are excluded if they can be attributed to one or more of the following causes:

- Improper use of the device.
- Incorrect mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the device.
- Failure to observe the instructions in this operating manual regarding transport, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the device.
- Unauthorised changes to the device made by parties other than the manufacturer.
- Non-observance of technical data.
- Repairs carried out incorrectly and the use of replacement parts or accessories not approved by the manufacturer.
- Catastrophes caused by external influences and force majeure.
- Mounting and installation with device combinations not recommended by the manufacturer.



This operating manual, especially the safety instructions, must be observed by all personnel working on the device. Furthermore, the rules and regulations that apply for accident prevention at the place of use must be observed.

1.7 Disposal

Abide by the national regulations and laws governing the disposal of this device. Ask your supplier if you are not sure how to dispose of the old equipment.

The directive on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE directive) and the directive on the restriction of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS directive) apply in the European Community. In Germany, these policies are implemented through the "Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act" (ElektroG). According to this, the following applies:

- Electric and electronic equipment are not to be included in household waste.
- Batteries and accumulators are not to be included in household waste but must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations.
- Old electrical and electronic equipment from users other than private households which was introduced to the market after 13 August 2005 must be taken back by the manufacturer and disposed of properly.

For more information on the disposal of Bender devices, refer to our website at www.bender.de -> Service & support.

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2. Safety instructions

2.1 General safety instructions

Part of the device documentation in addition to this manual is the enclosed "Safety instructions for Bender products".

2.2 Work activities on electrical installations



Only **qualified personnel working in electrical engineering and electronics** are permitted to carry out the work necessary to install, commission and run a device or system.



Risk of electrocution due to electric shock!

Touching live parts of the system carries the risk of:

- An electric shock
- Damage to the electrical installation
- Destruction of the device

Before installing and connecting the device, make sure that the **installation** has been **de-energised**. Observe the rules for working on electrical installations.

Refer to the rated and supply voltage values as specified in the technical data!

If the device is used outside the Federal Republic of Germany, the applicable local standards and regulations must be complied with. The European standard EN 50110 can be used as a guide.

2.3 Intended use

The residual current monitoring modules of the RCMB300 series are intended for measuring AC and DC fault currents in earthed systems (TN and TT systems).

The modules are able to measure residual currents up to I_{Δ} = 20 A in a frequency range of DC...100 kHz.

Any other use than that described in this document is regarded as improper.





3. Device description

3.1 Area of application

The residual current monitoring modules of the RCMB300 series are intended for measuring AC and DC fault currents in earthed systems (TN and TT systems). The modules are able to measure residual currents up to $I_{\Lambda} = 20 \text{ A}$ in a frequency range of DC...100 kHz.

Two separately adjustable response values allow a distinction to be made between prewarning and alarm. When the response value $I_{\Delta n1}$ (prewarning) is reached, the output relay K1 switches. When the response value $I_{\Delta n2}$ (alarm) is reached, the output relay K2 also switches.

The modules feature an RS-485 interface with Modbus RTU which can be used to transfer measured values and alarm values. Setting parameters is also possible via this interface.

The residual current monitoring modules each consist of the RCMB301 evaluation electronics and a CTBC20(P)...210(P) series measuring current transformer.

To assemble a complete module, both the electronics and a measuring current transformer are required. If ordered separately, these two components must then be plugged together and calibrated during commissioning.

The CTBC...**P** series measuring current transformers feature an integrated magnetic shield and are suitable for applications with high load currents or inrush currents.

3.2 Device features

- Continuous residual current monitoring in compliance with DGUV Vorschrift 3 (German Social Accident Insurance Regulation 3)
- · Easy DIN rail or screw mounting
- RS-485 interface with Modbus RTU (reading out measured values/setting parameters)
- Integrated switching outputs with two changeover contacts K1 and K2 (galvanically isolated)
- Frequency range DC...100 kHz
- Combined test and reset button
- Multicolour LED indicating operation, exceeded response value, disturbances and status messages
- AC/DC sensitive type B measured value acquisition acc. to IEC 60755
- AC/DC sensitive type B+ measured value acquisition acc. to VDE 0664-400



- Separate evaluation of the AC and DC components as well as the r.m.s. value of the residual current possible
- Exchangeable electronic enclosure without mechanical separation of the primary conductors
- Extension/retrofitting or modification of functionalities in case of changed monitoring requirements
- Insensitive to load currents due to full magnetic shield (CTBC...**P** only)
- Connection monitoring of the measuring current transformer with cyclical test current
- Use of the RCMB301 for all CTBC... measuring current transformer sizes
- Supply voltage DC 24 V

3.3 Variants

Electronic modules

RCMB301

Type B modular residual current module acc. to IEC 60755

Measuring current transformers

•	CIBC20	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 20 mm
•	CTBC20P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 20 mm
•	CTBC35	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 35 mm
•	CTBC35P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 35 mm
•	CTBC60	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 60 mm
•	CTBC60P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 60 mm
•	CTBC120	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 120 mm
•	CTBC120P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 120 mm
•	CTBC210	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 210 mm
•	CTBC210P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 210 mm



3.4 Functional description

Residual current $I_{\Delta n}$

The residual current monitoring module measures both AC and DC currents. Tripping takes place based on the determined r.m.s. value. When the response value set for $I_{\Delta n2}$ (alarm) is exceeded by a residual current, the output relay K2 switches an undervoltage release (recommended) or a shunt release (N/O operation) within the required tripping time and the LED lights up red.

The individual components of the residual current (AC component, DC component) and the r.m.s. value can be evaluated separately with the RCMB module. In addition, it is possible to set the main alarm and prewarning for the individual components and assign them to the two relays. The response values for the different components should be within the same measuring range.

If the fault memory behaviour of relay K1 or K2 is activated, the device must be reset by pressing the "T" button.

The RCMB module automatically checks the measuring current transformer and the function of the residual current measurement cyclically.

Offset calibration

When the device has been **installed**, an offset calibration should first be carried out (Refer to "Offset calibration" on page 27.) After successful offset calibration, the multicolour LED lights up green and the device is ready for operation.

Test

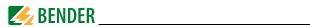
Press the "T" button or the external test button for 5...10 s to start the manual self test of the device.

Reset

Press the "T" button or the external test button for 1.5...5 s to reset the device.

RS-485 interface

The RS-485 interface enables both reading out the measured values and setting the parameters of the device via Modbus RTU. Furthermore, a test or a reset can be triggered via the bus.





4. Installation and connection



Only **qualified personnel working in electrical engineering and electronics** are permitted to carry out the work necessary to install, commission and run a device or system.



Risk of electrocution due to electric shock!

Touching live parts of the system carries the risk of:

- An electric shock
- Damage to the electrical installation
- Destruction of the device

Before installing and connecting the device, make sure that the **installation** has been **de-energised**. Observe the rules for working on electrical installations.

Refer to the rated and supply voltage values as specified in the technical data!

4.1 Composition of an MRCD module

Any combination of electronic modules (RCMB30...) and measuring current transformers (CTBC...) is possible to enable individual adaptation to every installation situation.



4.2 Installing the device

4.2.1 Dimension diagrams

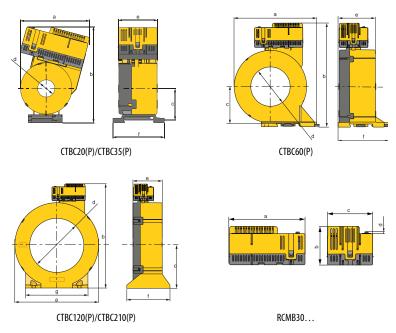


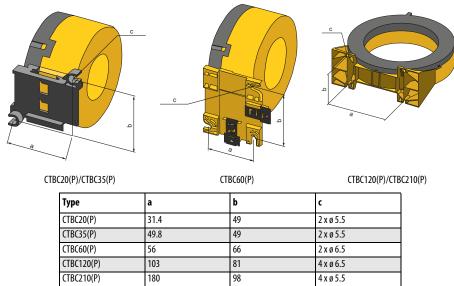
Fig. 4.1: Dimension diagrams CTBC... and RCMB30...

Туре	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
RCMB30CTBC20(P)	81	112	37	ø 20	46	60	
RCMB30CTBC35(P)	97	130	47	ø 35	46	61	
RCMB30CTBC60(P)	126	158	57	ø 60	56	78	
RCMB30CTBC120(P)	188	232	96	ø 120	65	96	139
RCMB30CTBC210(P)	302	346	153	ø 210	67	113	277
RCMB30	74	37	44	2	4.6		

all dimensions in mm, tolerance ±0.5 mm



4.2.2 Mountings



all dimensions in mm, tolerance ±0.5 mm

4.3 Assembly

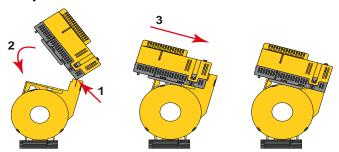


Fig. 4.2: Assembly electronic module

Steps

- 1. Place the electronic module on the mark on the measuring current transformer.
- 2. Fold the electronic module down onto the measuring current transformer.
- 3. Slide the electronic module onto the plug contacts of the measuring current transformer.



4.4 Connecting the device



Risk of electrocution due to electric shock!

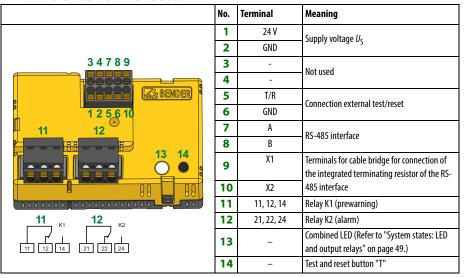
Touching live parts of the system carries the risk of:

- An electric shock
- Damage to the electrical installation
- Destruction of the device

Before installing and connecting the device, make sure that the **installation** has been **de-energised**. Observe the rules for working on electrical installations.

Refer to the rated and supply voltage values as specified in the technical data!

4.4.1 Device view RCMB30...



Tab. 4.1: Device view RCMB30...



4.5 Wiring diagram

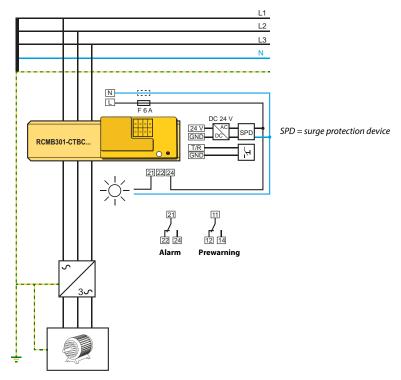


Fig. 4.3: Wiring diagram RCMB30...(N/C principle)

- The use of a type 2 surge protection device (SPD) is mandatory due to possible impulse voltages and in order to comply with normative requirements.
- The surge protection device must be connected upstream of the power supply unit on the supply side.
- Features of the surge protection device:
 - Nominal discharge current I_n (8/20 μs): 20 kA
 - Response time: 25 ns
 - Two-stage: 1 varistor + 1 spark gab

Alternatively, the power supply unit must be connected to a CAT II supply without a surge protection device.



4.6 Connection RS-485 interface (Modbus RTU)

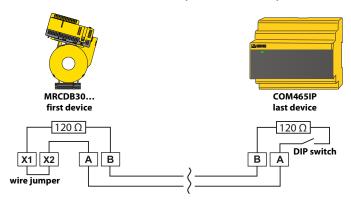


Fig. 4.4: Connection RS-485 interface

The internal 120Ω terminating resistor can be connected by using the **wire jumper**. The internal 120Ω terminating resistor can be connected by means of the **DIP switch**.



4.7 Installation instructions for measuring current transformers



Do not route any shielded cables through the measuring current transformer!



Device damage due to high induction currents!

High currents can be induced into the conductor loop due to the AC/DC sensitive measuring technology used. Do not route protective conductors and low-resistance conductor loops through the measuring current transformer!

Device damage due to interference pulses!

The connecting cable (supply, analogue interface ...) must not be routed directly past the current transformer core.

Risk of injury due to accessible live conductors!

The measuring current transformer must be connected to the corresponding evaluator before the first use and before commissioning of the monitored system.

4.7.1 Protective conductors and live conductors

Make sure that all **current-carrying cables** are routed through the measuring current transformer.

Never route an existing **protective conductor** through the measuring current transformer.

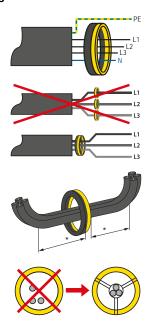
The **cable diameter** may not exceed half the current transformer diameter.

4.7.2 Bending cables

The cables may only be bent at a certain distance from the measuring current transformer.

4.7.3 Routing cables centrally

The cables must be aligned with the centre of the measuring current transformer.







5. Commissioning

5.1 Setting addresses

Every RCMB3... has a factory-set Modbus address. The address is 1XX, where XX = the last two digits of the serial number.



Example:

Serial number = 123456**78**

--> Modbus address = 178

If the preset address is to be changed, this can be done

- via a COMTRAXX® gateway,
- via Modbus,
- directly on the device.

The address can be changed on the device before installation and offset calibration.

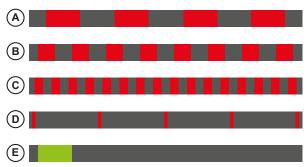


The electronic module must not be connected to the measuring current transformer during address setting (for disassembly refer to chapter 4.4).



Each address in the bus system may only be assigned once.

The LED has various flashing patterns, which indicate the state of the module:





Procedure

Phase	Action		LED
1	I Sunnly the electronic module with nower		Flashes red (A , error: no measuring current transformer)
			Flashes red (A, error)
			Flashes red quickly
2	Press and hole	d "T" until the LED flashes red very quickly; release afterwards	(B , mode change)
			Flashes red quickly (C , ready for address setting mode)
_			Flashes red very quickly (D , address
3	Set address (a	ddress setting range: 1247)	setting mode)
		Press "T" repeatedly until reaching the desired digit of the units	Each keystroke is confirmed with green
3a	Units place	place	(E)
3d	Utilits place	Acknowledge the entry: Press and hold "T" until the LED flashes	Lights green shortly (E)
		red; release afterwards	LED flashes red (C)
	Tens place	Press "T" repeatedly until reaching the desired digit of the tens	Each keystroke is confirmed with green
3b		place	(E)
υ		Acknowledge the entry: Press and hold "T" until the LED flashes	Lights green shortly (E)
		red; release afterwards	LED flashes red (C)
		Press "T" repeatedly until reaching the desired digit of the hun-	Each keystroke is confirmed with green
3c	Hundreds place	dreds place	(E)
30		Acknowledge the entry: Press and hold "T" until the LED flashes	Lights green shortly (E)
		red; release afterwards	LED flashes red (C)
	Check address	s setting: LED indicates the address by flashing ¹⁾	
		Digit units place	Flashes green for each number (E)
		Pause	off
4		Digit tens place	Flashes green for each number (E)
		Pause	off
		Digit hundreds place	Flashes green for each number (E)
		Pause	off
			Flashes red
5	Address set		(A, error: no measuring current trans-
			former)

Tab. 5.1: Procedure address setting on electronic module

1) Example for "Check address setting". Address "124" is to be set.
Successful configuration results in the following flashing pattern:

(E) (E) (E)



5.2 Offset calibration

The residual current monitoring module must be calibrated to the system to be monitored so that the selected protective function can be fulfilled. Each RCMB30... electronic module must be individually calibrated to the CTBC... **built-in measuring current transformer**. Calibration can be carried out by means of the "T" button or via the Modbus interface.

A calibration must always performed in case of:

- New installation
- A replacement of a CTBC... measuring current transformer
- A replacement of an RCMB30... electronic module
- · A modification of the response value

In case of response values > 300 mA, no offset calibration is required.

If the device is not calibrated, the LED lights red permanently, commissioning is not possible. Note that during the offset calibration the system is switched off and no current flows through the measuring current transformer.

If a current flows through the measuring current transformer despite the system being switched off, this indicates a device error. Replace the measuring current transformer immediately.



The alarm relays switch to safe state during offset calibration (system is switched off).

For measuring current transformers with an internal diameter > 119 mm, an offset calibration must be carried out.



Procedure of the first offset calibration

Phase	Action	LED
1	Install the measuring current transformer in the system	off
2	Plug the electronic module and the measuring current transformer together (see Chapter 4.5)	off
3	Disconnect the electronic module from the supply voltage	off
4a	Press and hold the "T" button	off
	Press and hold the "T" button, supply the electronic module with supply	lights red permanently (not ready for operation)
4b	voltage U_{S}	flashes red slowly (A) (ready for calibration)
	voltage os	flashes red quickly (B) (calibration mode)
5	Start calibration: release "T"	
6	Calibration in progress	flashes red quickly (B)
7	Calibration successful, values are accepted, relay switches	lights green permanently
8	Calibration finished, normal operating status	lights green permanently

5.3 Completing and checking installation

The installation must be completed with a function test.

This is done by means of a manual self test (for details refer to Chapter 6.2).



6. Test, reset, function test

6.1 Periodic self test

The RCMB... electronic module carries out a self diagnosis at regular intervals and thus ensures the device function. The electronic module feeds a test current into the test winding of the measuring current transformer.



During a periodic self test, the electronic module **does not switch off the changeover contact**. However, if a system error is detected, an alarm is issued via the output relay and the interface.

6.2 Manual self test

6.2.1 Integrated "T" button

Reset Press the button for 1.5...5 s

Test Press the button for 5...10 s

The integrated "T" button allows local performance of a function test at any time. The button is useful during commissioning, repair measures and recurring tests by the plant operator.

The "T" button can be used to delete a fault message of the tripped RCMB (reset).

The integrated "T" button is electrically decoupled from the external test/reset connection. This ensures that, of all RCMBs connected via the T/R connection, only the local RCMB acts

6.2.2 External test/reset button

Reset Press the button for 1.5...5 s

Test Press the button for 5...10 s

The external test/reset button can be used to perform function tests without having to open a control cabinet or reach an installation location that is difficult to access. Another option is to carry out a collective test, i.e. a function test of several installed RCMBs at the same time.





7. Modbus register

This chapter provides a complete description of the Modbus register for the MRCDB300/RCMB300 series to allow access to information.

The following Modbus function codes are supported

- Holding register for reading out values (Read Holding Register; function code 0x03)
- Register for device programming (Write Multiple Registers; function code 0x10)
- Register for diagnostic functions (Diagnostic; function code 0x08)
- Register for event counter (Get Com Event Counter; function code 0x0B)
- Register for server ID
 (Report Server ID; function code 0x11)
- Register for device identification (Read Device Identification; function code 0x2B)

For a complete Modbus protocol specification, visit

http://www.modbus.org.

7.1 Overview

7.1.1 Read and write accesses

RO	READ ONLY (read access only)
RW	READ / WRITE (read and write access)
WO	WRITE ONLY (write access only)

7.1.2 Formats used

Float32	IEEE754 32-bit (single precision floating point number)
INT16 Signed 16-bit integer	
INT32	Signed 32-bit integer
UINT16	Unsigned 16-bit integer
UINT32	Unsigned 32-bit integer
String-UTF8	ASCII character string



7.1.3 Register areas

Area	Start address	End address	
Info	0	3999	
Detailed measured values	4000	7999	
Simple measured values	8000	11999	
History	12000	15999	
Parameters	16000	19999	
Control commands	20000	23999	
Reserved	24000	27999	
Reserved	60000	60099	

7.1.4 Representation of values

	Value	Description
	0	No test
Test status	1	Internal test
	2	External test
	0	No alarm
	1	Prewarning
Alarm status	2	Error
Miarini Status	3	Reserved
	4	Warning
	5	Alarm
	0	=
Range	1	<
naliye	2	>
	3	Invalid
	0	Invalid
	1	None
Unit	2	0hm
Unit	3	Ampere
	4	Volt
	5	Percent

32

	Value	Description
	6	Hertz
	7	Baud
	8	Farad
	9	Henry
	10	Degree Celsius
	11	Degree Fahrenheit
	12	Second
	13	Minute
	14	Hour
Unit	15	Day
	16	Month
	17	Watt
	18	var
	19	VA
	20	Wh
	21	varh
	22	Vah
	23	Degree
	24	Hertz/second



7.1.5 Alarm assignments

Bit number	Description	Bit number	Description
0	Start alarm (relay 1)	16	Start alarm (relay 2)
1	Device error (relay 1)	17	Device error (relay 2)
2	Manual self test (relay 1)	18	Manual self test (relay 2)
3	AC residual current (relay 1)	19	AC residual current (relay 2)
4	DC residual current (relay 1)	20	DC residual current (relay 2)
5	RMS residual current (relay 1)	21	RMS residual current (relay 2)
615	Reserved	2231	Reserved

7.1.6 Descriptions

Description	Value
Device error	115
DC fault current	155
AC fault current	156
RMS fault current	420
"inactive"	1021
"none"	1022
"invalid"	1023

7.2 Device information

Register	Property	Format	Description	Value/unit/comment	Factory settings			
0999		Reserved	Reserved					
1000	RO	UINT32	Modbus test register	Is used to configure the interface (endianess, byte order, etc.)	0x12345678			
1002	RO	String UTF- 8	Device name	Maximum 32 characters	Example: RCMB301\0			
1034	RO	String UTF- 8	Article number	(\0 = end character) Character is in the LoByte	Example: B74043122\0			
1066	RO	String UTF- 8	Serial number	Character is in the Lobyte				
1098	RO	String UTF-	Manufacturer name	Maximum 96 characters (\0 = end character) Character is in the LoByte	Bender GmbH & Co. KG\0			
1194	RO	UINT16	Application D number		579 (MRCDB3) 610(RCMB3)			



Register	Property	Format	Description	Value/unit/comment	Factory settings
1195	RO	UINT16	Application version	Version number multiplied by 100. Example: 123 = V1.23	
1196	RO	UINT16	Application Build number		
1197	RO	UINT16	Boot loader D number		605
1198	RO	UINT16	Boot loader version	Version number multiplied by 100. Example: 123 = V1.23	
1199	RO	UINT16	Boot loader Build number		
1200	RO	UINT32	Counter offset measurement	Counts how often complete, successful offset measurements were carried out.	
1202 - 1233	RO	String-UTF8	Internet address manu- facturer ¹⁾	Character is in the LoByte in each case. Maximum 32 characters. V0 = NULL character = string end	www.bender.de\0
1234 - 1265	RW	String UTF- 8	Installation location ²⁾		<location>\0</location>
1266	RO	UINT16	Application Modbus module version	Version number x100 Example: 123= V1.23	
12673999		Reserved			

Tab. 7.1: Modbus register device information

Notes

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- 1) Character is in the LoByte in each case. Maximum 32 characters. \0 = NULL character = string end.
- Character is in the LoByte in each case. Maximum 32 characters. \0 = NULL character = string end. When writing this parameter, it must be ensured that the entire character string is structured in 8-character blocks and that one block must always be written completely with one Modbus command. This means that characters 1 to 8, 9 to 16, 17 to 24 and/or 25 to 32 must be written. If the string does not fill a block completely, it must be filled with NULL characters.

The installation location is also added to the server ID (function code 17) up to the first NULL character.



7.3 Detailed measured values

Register	Property	Format	Description		Value/unit
4000	RO	UINT16		Measuring channel number (1)	
4001	RO	Float32		Residual current measured value (AC)	A
4003	RO	UINT16	AC	Test and alarm status ¹⁾	
4004	RO	UINT16		Range and unit ²⁾	
4005	RO	UINT16		Description	
40064015	•			Reserved	
4016	RO	UINT16		Measuring channel number (2)	
4017	R0	Float32		Residual current measured value (DC)	A
4019	R0	UINT16	DC	Test and alarm status 1)	
4020	RO	UINT16		Range and unit ²⁾	
4021	RO	UINT16		Description	
40224031				Reserved	
4032	RO	UINT16		Measuring channel number (3)	
4033	RO	Float32		Residual current measured value (RMS)	A
4035	R0	UINT16	RMS	Test and alarm status 1)	
4036	RO	UINT16		Range and unit ²⁾	
4037	R0	UINT16		Description	
40384047	•		•	Reserved	•
4048	RO	UINT16		Measuring channel number (4)	
4049	RO	FLOAT32	Device	Device error and status information ³⁾	Device/info code
4051	RO	UINT16	error/sta- tus infor-	Test and alarm status ¹⁾	
4052	RO	UINT16	mation	Range and unit ²⁾	
4053	RO	UINT16		Description	
40547999				Reserved	

Tab. 7.2: Detailed measured values

Notes

1) HiByte: Test status LoByte: Alarm status

2) HiByte: Range LoByte: Unit

3) see Table 7.4



7.4 General measured values

Register	Property	Format	Description	Unit Value Comment
8000	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n}$ (AC)	A
8002	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n}$ (DC)	A
8004	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n}$ (RMS)	A
8006	RO	Float32	Device error and status information 1)	Device/info code
8008	RO	UINT32	Number of alarms	
8010	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n}$ (AC unfiltered)	A
8012	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n}$ (RMS unfiltered)	A
8014	RO	UINT32	Tripping status (alarm assignment that led to tripping)	Bit, binary coded HiWord: Relay 2 LoWord: Relay 1
8016	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n \text{ max.}}$ (AC) ²⁾	A
8018	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n \text{ max.}}$ (DC) ²⁾	A
8020	RO	Float32	Measured value I _{Δn max.} (RMS) ²⁾	A
8022	RO	Float32	Device error and status information 1)2)	Device/info code
8024	RO	UINT32	Number of alarms ²⁾	-
8026	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n \text{ max.}}$ (AC unfiltered) ²⁾	A
8028	RO	Float32	Measured value $I_{\Delta n \text{ max.}}$ (RMS unfiltered) ²⁾	A
8030	RO	UINT32	Trigger status ²⁾	Bit, binary coded HiWord: Relay 2 LoWord: Relay 1
8032120	0 Reserved	1		•

Tab. 7.3: Simple measured values

Notes

- 1) see Table 7.4
- Same data as register 8000-8014, but the maximum values or cumulative values are output since the last readout.
 - In the case of the DC measured value, the highest value is stored.



7.4.1 Device error codes

Error	Error	Error	Description	Action
code	group			
0.10	Connection fault	Connection	CT connection faulty	Check connection between electronic box and measuring current transformer.
0.55		External cir- cuit breaker	The present switching state of the external circuit breaker does not correspond to the target switching state.	Check circuit breaker and its cabling. Check contact feedback of the circuit breaker and its cabling. Parame- ter operating mode of the circuit breaker (Modbus reg- ister: 16056) and contact feedback
0.56		Shutdown control	Although the system is switched off, a (residual) current still flows.	Check circuit breaker and its cabling. Parameter operating mode of the circuit breaker (Modbus register: 16056) kontrollieren.
3.30	Component mal- function	Manual self test	The manual self test was not run without errors.	Check circuit breaker and its cabling. Check contact feedback of the circuit breaker and its cabling (if contact monitoring is active). Check parameter operating mode of the circuit breaker (Modbus register)
6.00	Calibration error			The error is deleted either by switching the device off/ on or by performing a reset. The device restarts com- pletely (switching of relays possible). If the error per- sists, return the device or contact Bender service.
6.10		No initial off- set measure- ment	No offset measurement has been performed in the customer installation.	Perform offset measurement.
6.20		Offset meas- urement	Measured offset is outside the limits.	Does a (DC) current still flow through the measuring current transformer? Check circuit breaker. The error is deleted either by switching the device off/on or by performing a new offset measurement (if this is successful).
7.10	Internal inter- face error			If error occurs frequently, return the device or contact Bender service.
8.00 8.43 8.44	Hardware error			If error occurs frequently, return the device or contact Bender service.
8.46 8.47 8.49 8.60				
8.71				



Error code	Error group	Error	Description	Action
9.03	μC system error			Switch the device off and on again. If error persists, return the device or contact Bender service.
9.60		Parameter error	Parameter outside permissible limits	Switch the device off and on again. Reset device to factory settings: Modbus register 20007 or 20008. If error persists, return the device.
9.70				Switch the device off and on again. If error persists, return the device or contact Bender service.
9.90				Switch the device off and on again. If error persists, return the device or contact Bender service.

Tab. 7.4: Device error codes



7.5 History

A maximum of 50 events can be stored. The events are sorted chronologically in such a way that the most recent event is number 1 and the oldest event is number 50.

The history memory is buffered and is only updated by reading register 12000 so that the sequence does not change during readout (due to a new history event).

The parameter "Overwrite history memory" (register: 16089) can be used to set

- whether the history memory fills to a maximum of 50 events and then has to be cleared manually (register: 20004)
- whether the oldest event (number 50) is overwritten automatically (factory setting).

Register	Property	Format	Description	Unit Value Comment
12000	RO	UINT16	Event 1 measuring channel number	1)
12001	RO	UINT32	Event 1 start	2)
12003	RO .	UINT32	Event 1 end	2)
1200512006		Reserved	·	
12007	RO	Float32	Event 1 min. value	
12009	RO	Float32	Event 1 max. value	
12011	RO	UINT16	Event 1 unit/test status	HiByte: Unit LoByte: Test status
12012	RO	UINT16	Event 1 alarm status min/max	HiByte: Min. value
12013	RO	UINT16	Event 1 range min/max	LoByte: Max. value
12014	RO	UINT16	Event 1 description	
1201512017		Reserved	-	•
1201812035	RO		Event 2	
1203612899	RO		Event 350	
1290015999	•	Reserved	•	•

¹⁾ When register 12000 is read out, the entire history memory is updated.
This way, the data remains consistent.

If no time has been set in register 16084: time in s from the occurrence of the event to the readout of register 12000 If a time is set in register 16084: UNIX time of the event.



7.6 Device parameters and factory settings

 t_{on9} = response delay t_{off} = delay on release

.	ty				Value range	Factorysettings		
Register	Property	Format	Desc	iption Unit {Step size}		RCMB301		
16000	RW			Limit value alarm	0.033.00 A {1 mA}	0.03		
16002	RW			Limit value prewarning	50 100 % {1 %}	60 %		
16004	RW		AC	Hysteresis	10 25 % {1 %}	15 %		
16006	RW			t _{on} alarm	MRCDB:	50 ms		
16008	RW			t _{on} prewarning	0 s 60 min	1 s		
16010	RW	t32		t _{off} (pre)alarm	RCMB: 50 ms60 min {10 ms}			
16012	RW	Float32		Limit value alarm	0.033.00 A {1 mA}	0.03 A		
16014	RW			Limit value prewarning	50 100 % {1 %}			
16016	RW		DC	Hysteresis	10 25 % {1 %}	15 %		
16018	RW			$t_{\rm on}$ alarm	MRCDB:	50 ms		
16020	RW					t _{on} prewarning	0 s 60 min RCMB:	1 s
16022	RW			t _{off} (pre)alarm	50 ms60 min {10 ms}			
16024	RW			Limit value alarm	0.03 3.00 A {1 mA}	0.03 A		
16026	RW			Limit value prewarning	50 100 % {1 %}	60 %		
16028	RW	2	RMS	Hysteresis	10 25 % {1 %}	15 %		
16030	RW	Float32		t _{on} alarm	MRCDB:	50 ms		
16032	RW			t _{on} prewarning	0 s 60 min RCMB:	1 s		
16034	RW			t _{off} (pre)alarm	50 ms60 min {10 ms}			
16036	RW		Start-	-up delay	0 3600 s {10 ms}			



Register	Property	Format	Desci	ription	Value range Unit {Step size}	Factorysettings RCMB301										
16038	RW			Relay mode	1 = N/C principle 2 = N/O principle											
16039	RW			Alarm assignment start alarm												
16040	RW													Alarm assignment device error		
16041	RW			Alarm assignment test												
16042	RW	UINT16	y1	Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (AC)	Alarm assignment 1 = inactive 2 = active											
16043	RW		Relay 1	Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (DC)	12 = active											
16044	RW			Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (RMS)												
16045	1604516054				Reserved	•										
16055	RW	UINT16		Fault memory mode ¹⁾	1 = off 2 = on 3 = permanent											



Register	Property	Format	Desci	ription	Value range Unit {Step size}	Factorysettings RCMB301											
16056	RW			Relay mode	1 = N/C principle 2 = N/O principle	1											
16057	RW			Alarm assignment start alarm													
16058	RW			Alarm assignment device error													
16059	RW			Alarm assignment test	-												
16060	RW	UINT16	limit	Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (AC)	Alarm assignment 1 = inactive 2 = active												
16061	RW													Relay 2	Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (DC)	z — active	
16062	RW			limit value viola	Alarm assignment limit value violation $I_{\Delta n}$ prewarning (RMS)												
16063	16072			Res	served												
16073	RW	UINT16		Fault memory mode	1 = off (only303 and304) 2 = on 3 = permanent	2											
16074	RW	9	Filter mode		1)	4											
16075	RW	UINT16	Funct conta	ion ct monitoring ²⁾	1 = off 2 = N/C 3 = N/O												
16076	RW	Float32	t_{off} (contact monitoring) $^{2)}$		0 (= off) 0.013600 s Seconds Time delay after which the connected relay state is monitored. {10 ms}												



Register	Property	Format	Description		Value range Unit {Step size}	Factorysettings RCMB301		
16078	RW	UINT16		Modbus address	1247			
16079	RW	UINT32	Wired interface (RS-485)	UINT32		Baud rate	1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600	
16081	RW	9LININ		Parity/stop bit	1 = 8N2 2 = 801 3 = 8E1 4 = 8N1 5 = 802 6 = 8E2			
160821	16083			Reserved				
16084		UINT32	Time ³)	UNIX time ¹⁾			
16086		Float 32	Time 2	zone ³⁾	-12+14{0.25}			
16088		UINT16	Sumn	ner time ³⁾	0 = off 1 = on 2 = CEST (Automat. switch- over: Central Europe) 3 = DST (Automatic switch- over: USA, CDN)			
16089			Overwrite history memory		1 = do not overwrite2 = overwrite automatically			
16090 19999		Reserved						



Notes:

1) Register 16074 "Filter mode"

Register	Monuina	Adjustable
entry	Meaning	RCMB 301
1	Normal (full bandwidth: 100 kHz)	Х
2	Low-pass 60 Hz	Х
3	Low-pass 500 Hz	Х
4	Low-pass 1 kHz	Х
5	Low-pass 2 kHz	Х
6	Low-pass 5 kHz	Х
7	Low-pass 10 kHz	Х
8	Low-pass 20 kHz	Х
9	Low-pass 50 kHz	Х
10	Type B	Х
11	Reserved	
12	Type B+ (up to 100 kHz)	Х
13	Reserved	•
14	Fire protection (up to 100 kHz)	Х
1516	Reserved	•
17	Low-pass 180 Hz	Х

Registers 16075 and 16076: If contact monitoring is active, the **disconnected** state is always checked after 500 ms (not configurable). If and when the **connected** state is checked depends on register 16076.

³⁾ Is not saved when the device is switched off.



7.7 Control commands

Register	Property	Format	Description	Comment Unit Value	Factory setting
20000	RW	UINT16	Device test	Manual device tripping test. Same behaviour as test button. Read 1 = test inactive/completed 2 = test running Write 2 = start test	1
20001	WO	UINT16	Device reset	Deleting fault and alarm messages. Same behaviour as reset button. 1 = perform reset	
20002	RW	UINT16	Relay 1 test	1 = test inactive (normal function) 2 = relay energised 3 = relay de-energised	1
20003	RW	UINT16	Relay 2 test	Switches automatically back to 1 = test inactive after one minute at the latest.	1
20004	WO	UINT16	Clear history memory	1 = perform deletion (secured via reg. 12005)	
20005	RW	UINT16	Allow register write access	Flag to allow changing important registers. Is automatically deactivated after five seconds. 1 = deny 2 = allow	1
20006	RW	UINT16	Activate device signalling	Makes the LED flash quickly red and green in alternation to detect the device in its environment faster. Is automatically deactivated after one minute. 1 = inactive; 2 = active	1
20007	WO	UINT16	Load factory settings (without interface)	Loads all factory settings except the interface parameters. Secured via register 20005. 1 = restore factory settings	
20008	WO	UINT16	Load factory settings (all parameters)	Loads all factory settings including the interface parameters. Secured via register 20005. 1 = restore factory settings	



Register	Property	Format	Description	Comment Unit Value	Factory setting
20009	RW	UINT16	Start offset measurement	Read 1 = offset measurement inactive/completed 2 = offset measurement running Write 2 = start offset measurement (secured via reg. 12005)	1
20010	RW	UINT16	Test alarm ¹⁾	0 = no test alarm 1 = test alarm channel 1 2 = test alarm channel 2 3 = test alarm channel 3 4 = test alarm channel 4	0
20011239	99		1	Reserved	-

Tab. 7.5: Control commands

Test alarm: Output a test alarm on a measuring channel. The test alarm refers only to bus messages. No relays switch. The test alarm is deactivated after 1 minute (= 0).



7.8 Additional function codes:

7.8.1 Diagnostic (function code 0x08)

Sub-function code name	Sub-function code number (decimal)		Supported	Notes
Return Query Data	0		Х	
Restart Communication	1		Χ	
Return Diagnostic Register	2		Χ	1)
Change ASCII Input Delimiter	3			
Force Listen Only Mode	4		Χ	
Reserved	59			
Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register	10		Х	
Return Bus Message Count	11		Χ	
Return Bus Communication Error Count	12	Х	Χ	
Return Bus Exception Error Count	13	Х	Χ	
Return Server Message Count	14		Χ	2)
Return Server No Response Count	15		Χ	- 2)
Return Server NAK Count	16	Х	Χ	
Return Server Busy Count	17	Х	Х	
Return Bus Character Overrun Count	18	Х	Х	
Reserved	19			
Clear Overrun Counter and Flag	20		Χ	
Reserved	2165535			

Tab. 7.6: Additional function codes: Diagnostic

7.8.2 Get Com Event Counter (function code 0x0B)

Response	Notes
Status	If a previously received command is still being processed, then the answer is 0xFFFF. Otherwise it is 0x0000. (Current implementation: always 0x0000).
Event Count	It is a 16-bit counter. This means that a maximum of 65535 is counted. There is no overflow.

Tab. 7.7: Get Com event Counter

¹⁾ The diagnostic register is 0 if all error counters are 0. Otherwise it is 1.

²⁾ It is a 16-bit counter. This means that a maximum of 65535 is counted. There is no overflow.



7.8.3 Report Server ID (function code 0x11)

Response	Notes	
Byte count	Number of bytes from "Server ID" to "Installation location	on"
Server ID	Is always 0x01.	
Run Indicator Status	Is always 0xFF.	
Manufacturer name	Same information as register 1098.	
Device name	Same information as register 1002.	
Application D number	Same information as register 1194.	Output as ASCII string.
Application version	Same information as register 1195.	Output as ASCII stillig.
Application Build number	Same information as register 1196.	
Installation location	Same information as register 1234.	

Tab. 7.8: Report Server ID

7.8.4 Device Identification (function code 0x2B)

Object ID	Object name / Description	Data type	Category	Supported	Notes
0x00	Manufacturer name			Х	Corresponds to register 1098
0x01	Article number	ASCII string	Basic	Х	Corresponds to register 1034
0x02	Application software, version and build number	Ascirstilly	Basic	Х	Corresponds to registers 1194, 1195 and 1196
0x03	Internet address manufacturer			Х	Corresponds to register 1202
0x04	Device name	ACCII atmin a	Danulan	Х	Corresponds to register 1002
0x05	Model name	ASCII String	Cll string Regular		
0x06	User application name	1			
0x070x7F	Reserved	•	•	•	•
0x800xFF	Non-public objects		Extended		

Tab. 7.9: Device Identification



8. System states: LED and output relays

The LED indicates the system state by means of colours and lighting/flashing. The N/O contacts of relay outputs K1 and K2 have defined switching positions for each system state.

System state	GREEN LED ON	RED LED Alarm	Notes	Changeover contact K1	Changeover contact K2
Device switched off	Off	Off	Device is de-energised, no monitoring, no monitoring function	De-energised	De-energised
Normal operat- ing state	Lights	Off	The device is supplied with the specified voltage and monitors the primary circuit. No residual current flows which would lead to tripping.	Energised	Energised
Prewarning	Lights	Flashes briefly	The device is supplied with the specified voltage and monitors the primary circuit. A fault current flows which exceeds the set limit of the prewarning.	De-energised	Energised
Alarm state	Off	Lights	The device is supplied with the specified voltage and monitors the primary circuit. A fault current flows which exceeds the set limit of the alarm.	De-energised	De-energised
Device error	Off	Flashes slowly	The device is supplied with the specified voltage and monitors the primary circuit. An error is detected by the periodic self tests.	De-energised	De-energised
Device in cali- bration mode	Offset calibration procedure: see Page 27		De-energised	De-energised	
Device in address mode	For procedure, refer to Page 25				
Device signalling	Flash quickly in alternation Flash quickly in alternation Use Modbus register 20006 = 2 to detect the device in its environment faster. Is automatically deactivated after one minute.				

Tab. 8.1: System states: LED and output relays

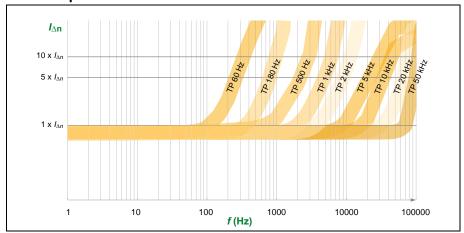


50

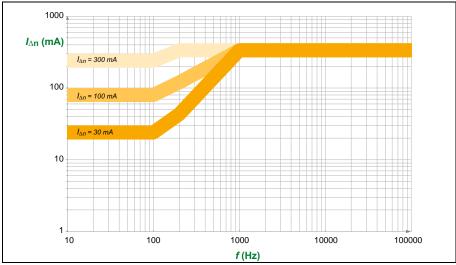


9. Frequency responses

9.1 Low passes LP

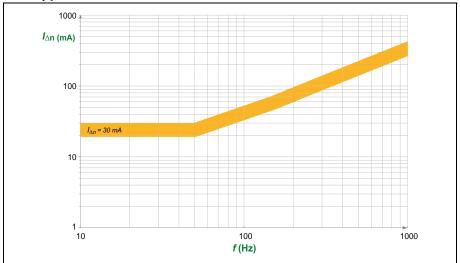


9.2 Type B+

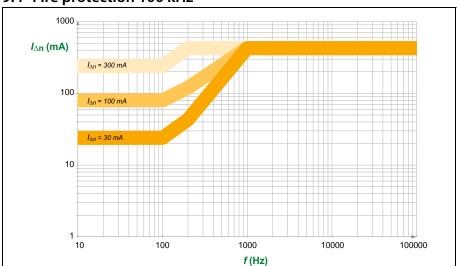




9.3 Type B



9.4 Fire protection 100 kHz





10. Technical data

10.1 Tabular data

Insulation coordination acc. to IEC 60664-1/IEC 60664-3

Definitions	
Measuring circuit (IC1)	Primary conductors routed through the current transformer
Secondary (IC2)	terminal block 1 (24 V, GND, T/R, GND, A, B, X1, X2)
Control circuit 1 (IC3)	Terminal block 1 (11,12,14)
Control circuit 2 (IC4)	Terminal block 2 (21,22,24)
Rated insulation voltage	800 V
Overvoltage category	
Area of application	≤ 2000 m AMSL
Rated impulse voltage	
IC1((IC2-IC4)	8 kV
IC2/(IC3-IC4)	4 kV
IC3/IC4	4 kV
Rated insulation voltage	
IC1/(IC2-IC4)	800 V
IC2/(IC3-IC4)	250 V
IC3/IC4	250 V
Pollution degree	2
Safe isolation (reinforced insulation) bet	ween
IC2/(IC3-IC4)	300 V
Basic insulation between:	
IC1/(I2-IC4)	800 V
IC3/IC4	300 V
Voltage tests (routine test) acc. to IEC 61	010-1
IC2/(IC3-IC4)	AC 2.2 kV
IC3/IC4	AC 2.2 kV
Supply voltage	
	DC 24 V
11, 3 3	<u>+20</u> %
. , , ,	
· · · · · · · ·	= 7,5 ≤ 2.5 W
!	1.7 A for 1 ms



Measuring circuit

Internal diameter measuring current transformer	see dimension diagrams Page 18
Characteristics according to IEC 62020 and IEC/TR 6	60755 AC/DC sensitive, type B
Measuring range	5 mA 20 A
Response value $I_{\Delta n}$	30 mA 3 A (freely configurable), (30 mA)*
Prewarning	50 % 100 % I _{An} (freely configurable), (60 %)
Rated current I _n	 -
CTBC20 when $I_{\Lambda n} = 30 \text{ mA}$	40 A
CTBC20 when $I_{\Lambda n} = 300 \text{ mA}$	63 A
CTBC20P	80 A
CTBC35 when $I_{\Lambda n} = 30 \text{ mA}$	80 A
	125 A
	160 A
CTBC60 when $I_{\Lambda n} = 30 \text{ mA}$	160 A
	250 A
CTBC60P	320 A
CTBC120 when $I_{An} = 100 \text{ mA} \dots$	330 A
CTBC120P when $I_{\Lambda n} = 100 \text{ mA}$	630 A
CTBC210 when $I_{\Lambda n} = 300 \text{ mA}$	630 A
CTBC210P when $I_{\Lambda n} = 100 \text{ mA}$	630 A
CTBC210P when $I_{\Lambda n} = 300 \text{ mA} \dots$	1000 A
Operating uncertainty	±17.5 %
Relative uncertainty	0–35 %
Test winding	yes
Possible response values (to be set	on the avaluator)
CTBC20, CTBC20P	
CTBC35, CTBC35P, CTUBC60, CTBC60P	
CTBC120P, CTBC210P	
CTBC120, CTBC210	
CTDC120, CTDC210	300 IIIA 10 A
Time response	
Response delay t _{on}	
Start-up delay t _{an}	
Delay on release t _{off}	0 s60 min (freely configurable), (1 s)*



Operating time t _{ae}	
	≤ 230 ms
	≤ 180 ms ≤ 70 ms
Response time $t_{an} = t_{ae} + t_{on}$	\leq 70 IIIs
411 42 011	≤1s
Indication	
Multicolour LED	Refer to "System states: LED and output relays" on page 49.
Inputs	
	T/R, GND
Outputs	
3	2
	N/C* or N/O principle freely configurable (N/C principle)
	250 V, 5 A
3 1 /	
Contact data acc. to IEC 60947-5-1	250.1/250.1/
	250 V/250 V
<i>y</i> ,	AC-13/AC-14
·	
	DC12
<i>y</i> ,	0.1/0.2/1 A
•	
Environment/EMC	
EMC	IEC 62020
Operating temperature	2570℃
Classification of climatic conditions acc.	
	3K5 (except condensation and formation of ice)
	2K11 (except condensation and formation of ice)
)1K22 (except condensation and formation of ice)
Classification of mechanical conditions a	
Long-term storage (IEC 60/21-3-1)) 1M12



Connection

Required terminals are included in the scope of delivery

Required terminals are included in the scope of delivery	
Terminal block 1	
Manufacturer	Phoenix Contact
Туре	DFMC 1.5/5-ST-3.5 BK
The connection conditions of the manufacturer apply.	
Connection properties	
rigid	
flexible	0.2 1.5 mm ² (AWG 24 16)
with ferrules	0.250.75 mm ² (AWG 2419)
Terminal block 2, 3	
Manufacturer	Phoenix Contact
Type	FKCVW 2.5/ 3-ST-5.08
The connection conditions of the manufacturer apply.	
Connection properties	
rigidrigid	0.22.5 mm ² (AWG 2413)
flexible	0.22.5 mm ² (AWG 2413)
with ferrules	0.25 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 13)
Mounting CTBC	
Screw type	
CTBC2060(P)	DIN EN ISO 7045 - M5
CTCB120210(P)	
Washer type	
CTBC2060(P)	DIN EN ISO 7089/7090 - 5
CTCB120210(P)	
Tightening torque	
CTBC2035 (P)	
CTCB60210(P)	
Other	
Operating mode	continuous operation
Mounting	•
Degree of protection, internal components (DIN EN 60529)	, ·
Degree of protection, internal components (DIN EN 60529) Degree of protection, terminals (DIN EN 60529)	
Flammability class	
i iaitiitiaviilty Class	UL94 V-U



Weight

RCMB301	≤ 100 g
CTBC20	≤ 160 g
CTBC20P	≤ 220 q
CTBC35	≤ 240 q
CTBC35P	≤ 320 q
CTBC60	≤ 460 q
CTBC60P	≤ 620 q
CTBC120	≤ 1390 q
CTBC120P	≤ 1750 q
CTBC210	≤ 4220 g
CTBC210P	-

10.2 Standards and certifications



10.3 Ordering details

Electronic modules

Supply voltage U _S	Variant	Туре	Art. No.
DC 24 V (19.228.8 V)	Modbus RTU	RCMB301	B74043100

Measuring current transformers

Туре	Description	Art. No.
CTBC20	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 20 mm	B98120001
CTBC20P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 20 mm	B98120002
CTBC35	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 35 mm	B98120003
CTBC35P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 35 mm	B98120004
CTBC60	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 60 mm	B98120005
CTBC60P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 60 mm	B98120006
CTBC120	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 120 mm	B98120007
CTBC120P	Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 120 mm	B98120020
CTBC210	Measuring current transformer, internal diameter 210 mm	B98120008
CTBC210P	CTBC210P Measuring current transformer shielded, internal diameter 210 mm	B98120021



Accessories

Description	Art. No.
USB to RS-485 interface converter	B95012045
Terminal block for RCMB module (spare part)	B74043124

Suitable system components

The use of the listed power supply units is recommended. The use of a surge protection device is mandatory for these power supply units.

Description	Max. connected current transformers	Туре	Art. No.
Voltage supply	4	STEP-PS/1 AC/24 DC/0.5	B94053110
	14	STEP-PS/1 AC/24 DC/1.75	B94053111
	34	STEP-PS/1 AC/24 DC/4.2	B94053112



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